

Discussion 3: Practice Proofs

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1. How many slices of pizza can one obtain by making n straight line cuts with a knife?

Or, academically, what is the max number of regions defined by n lines in the plane?

Solution:

The idea is that when we add the n th line to the plane, we can add at most n regions. Because the n th line can intersect with at most $n-1$ lines and the $n-1$ intersect points partition the line into n intervals. Each of the interval partition one region into two.

$$f(n) = f(n-1) + n$$

$$f(1) = 2$$

$$f(2) = f(1) + 2$$

$$f(3) = f(2) + 3$$

...

$$f(n) = f(n-1) + n$$

$$f(n) = (n^2 + n + 2)/2$$

2. You are given an ordered list of n words. The length of the i th word is w_i , that is the i th word takes up w_i spaces. (For simplicity assume that there are no spaces between words.) Your goal is to break this ordered list of words into lines; this is called a layout. Note that you can not reorder the words.

The length of a line is the sum of the lengths of the words on that line. The ideal line length is L . No line may be longer than L , although it may be shorter. The penalty for having a line of length K is $L-K$.

The total penalty of a layout is the sum of the line penalties. Your problem is to design a layout that minimizes the total penalties.

Prove or disprove that the following greedy algorithm correctly solves this problem.

For $i=1$ to n
 Place the i th word on the current line if it fits,
 otherwise place the i th word on a new line.

Proof:

This algorithm is correct for the problem of minimizing the total sum of all line penalties. The proof is by contradiction. Assume there is an optimal solution T , and call the output of the greedy algorithm G . Let s_i be the penalty of the i th line of solution S . Let j be the number of the first line in T that is different from j th line in G . By the definition of the algorithm, $g_i < t_i$. Create a new solution T' by moving the first word of line $i+1$ in T to the end of line i . Let l be the length of this word. Note that $t'_{i+1} = t_{i+1} + l$ and $t'_i = t_i - l$.

Therefore, the sum of all line penalties in T' is the same as the sum of all line penalties of T . But T' is more like greedy than T , and has the same total penalties. Contradiction.